

Windows-Automatisation 4

Object REXX ("ooREXX") vs. MS Visual Basic Script ("VBScript")

Business Programming 1



Business Programming 2



Basics,
Parsing

Commands,
APIs

Window-
Automatisation,
Web-Scripting

Security,
Debugging

Graphical User
Interfaces (GUI),
Sockets,
...

MS Visual BASIC (Script/Application)



- Extremely popular on Windows for OLE programming
- Different closely related versions
 - [VBS](#) a.k.a. [VBScript](#) (Visual BASIC script)
 - [VBA](#) (Visual BASIC for Applications)
- Searching the Internet with the keywords "[*vba ole someApp/Method*](#)"
 - Usually yields many hits with [VBScript/VBA](#) code snippets
 - Therefore important to know how to translate [VBScript/VBA](#) <---> [ooRExx](#)
- A comment on [VB.NET](#)
 - Visual BASIC for .NET
 - Resembles [VBScript](#) and [VBA](#), but is not compatible

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 1



ooRexx

- Message operator
~ (Tilde)
- Continuation character
,
- String concatenation
■ (space between strings)
|| (2 vertical bars)
`var1"some string"var2` (abuttal)
- Defining variables
Just denote the name in an assignment

VBScript

- "Message" (dereference) operator
. (dot)
- Continuation character
_ (underline)
- String concatenation
& (ampersand)
- Defining variables
`DIM var_names`

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 2



ooRexx

- Line comment
 - (2 dashes)
- Block (multi-line) comments

```
/* ... */
```

 - May span multiple lines
 - May be nested

VBScript

- Line comment
 - ' (apostroph)
- REM**
- Abbreviation for REMark
 - No statement before it allowed
- : REM**
- If following a statement in the same line, must be preceded by a column surrounded by a space

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 3



ooRexx

- Calling a procedure

```
CALL proc1 a1, a2, a3
```

- Calling a function

```
a=proc1(a1, a2, a3)
```

or:

```
CALL proc1 a1, a2, a3  
a=result
```

VBScript

- Calling a procedure

```
CALL proc1(a1, a2, a3)
```

or:

```
proc1 a1, a2, a3
```

- Calling a function

```
a=proc1(a1, a2, a3)
```

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 4



ooRexx

- Calling a function

```
a=proc1( , , a3)
```

or:

```
CALL proc1 , , a3  
a=result
```

VBScript

- Calling a function

```
a=proc1(a1, a2, a3)
```

- Calling a function using named arguments, e.g.

```
a=proc1( a3 := "Das 3. Argument!" )
```

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 5



ooRexx

- Defining a procedure

```
proc1: procedure
    use arg a1, a2, a3
    say "a1=""a1 "a2=""a2 "a3=""a3
    return
```

or:

```
::routine proc1
    use arg a1, a2, a3
    say "a1=""a1 "a2=""a2 "a3=""a3
```

VBScript

- Defining a procedure

```
Sub proc1(a1, a2, a3)
    MsgBox "a1=" & a1 & " a2=" & a2 _
           " a3=" & a3
End Sub
```

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 6



ooRexx

- Defining a function

```
proc1: procedure
    use arg a1, a2, a3
    return a1 || a2 || a3
```

or:

```
::routine proc1
    use arg a1, a2, a3
    return a1 || a2 || a3
```

VBScript

- Defining a function

```
Func proc1(a1, a2, a3)
    proc1=a1 & a2 & a3
End Func
```

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 7



ooRexx

- Address structure/object:

```
MyLabel~Height  = 2000
MyLabel~Width   = 2000
MyLabel~Caption = "This is MyLabel"
```

- or (to save a little bit of typing):

```
m=MyLabel
m~Height  = 2000
m~Width   = 2000
m~Caption = "This is MyLabel"
```

VBScript

- Address structure/object: WITH statement

```
With MyLabel
    .Height  = 2000
    .Width   = 2000
    .Caption = "This is MyLabel"
End With
```

- without WITH statement

```
MyLabel.Height  = 2000
MyLabel.Width   = 2000
MyLabel.Caption = "This is MyLabel"
```

ooRexx vs. VBScript, 8



```
' VBScript: "counter.vbs"
dim MyVar
Set MyVar = createObject("Some.Counter")
wscript.echo "Counter: " & MyVar.counter
call wscript.echo( "Counter: " & MyVar.increment )
```

```
-- REXX: "counter.rex"
MyVar = .OLEObject~new("Some.Counter")
wscript~echo( "Counter: " MyVar~counter )
wscript~echo( "Counter: " MyVar~increment )
```